

Review of key lead research issues addressed by WRF

March 29, 2016

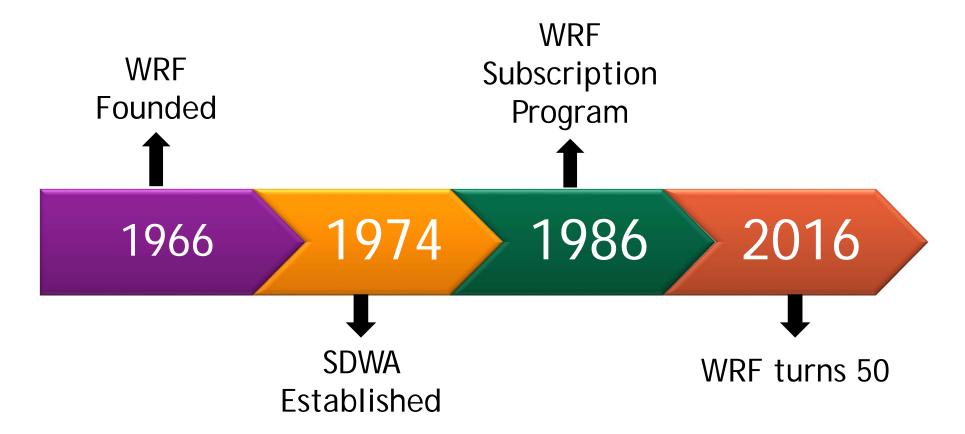
advancing the science of water



Jonathan Cuppett Research Manager Water Research Foundation

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50 years of water research

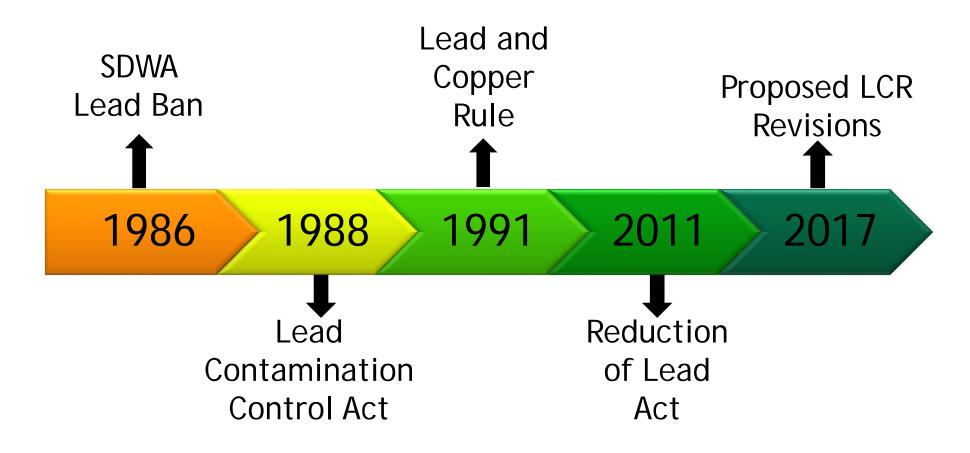


Presentation Overview

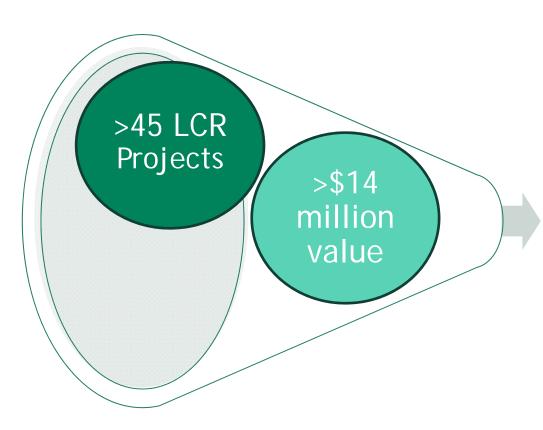


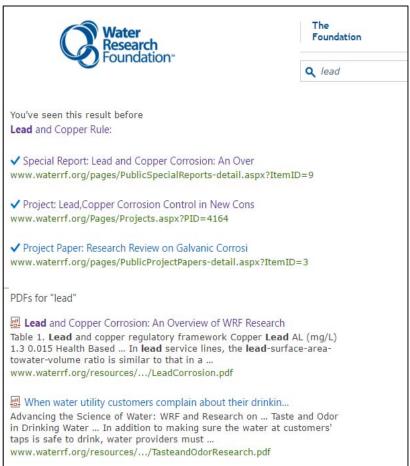
WRF LCR research

History of SDWA Lead Regulation



WRF Lead Research since late 1980's





Lead and Copper Corrosion: An Overview of WRF Research

1

Project Summaries

2

Summary of Common Themes



Ongoing Projects



List of all Projects



January 2016 Update

Lead and Copper Corrosion: An Overview of WRF Research

Jonathan Cuppett, Water Research Foundation

This summary of relevant Water Research Foundation (WRF) research projects, both completed and ongoing, provides a basic understanding of the issues surrounding lead and copper corrosion and the Lead and Copper Rule (LCR).

BACKGROUND

In 1991, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) published the LCR, which established that all community water systems (CWSs) and non-transient non-community water systems (NTNCWSs) would be subject to the rule requirements. The primary purpose of the LCR is to protect public health by minimizing lead (Pb) and copper (Cu) levels in drinking water. Pb and Cu enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of Pb- and Cu-containing plumbing materials. A unique aspect of the LCR is that lead and copper have action levels (AL) of 0.015 mg/L for lead and 1.3 mg/L for copper, and therefore do not have Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs). The action level for lead is a screening technique for optimal corrosion control based on treatment feasibility, and is not a health-based threshold. The action level for copper does have a health reference based on the prevention of nausea. Copper also has a secondary MCL (SMCL) of 1.0 mg/L, which is based on aesthetics or taste and staining. Table 1 highlights the different regulatory levels of Pb and Cu.

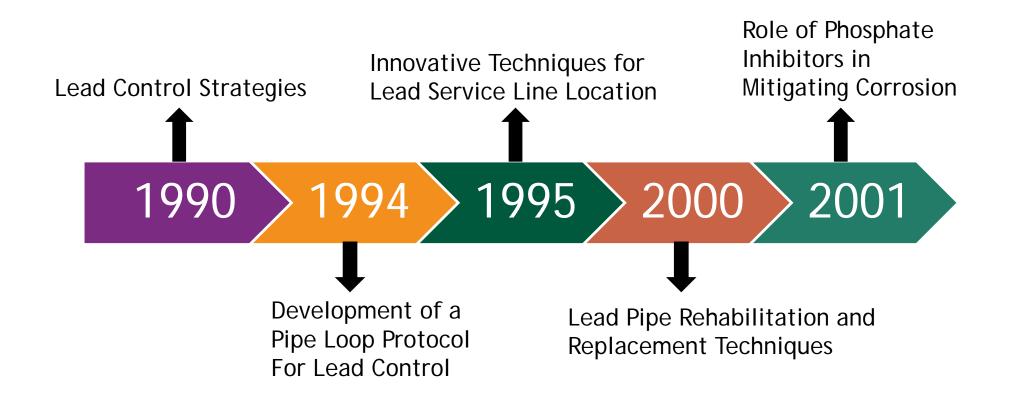
Table 1. Lead and copper regulatory framework

	Conner I and	
	Copper	Lead
AL (mg/L)	1.3	0.015
Health Based Action Level	Yes	No
MCL	N/A	N/A
MCLG (mg/L)	1.3	0
SMCL (mg/L)	1.0	N/A

WRF Lead Research

Past, Present, Future

Notable Past WRF Projects



Notable Past WRF Projects

Contribution of Service Line and Plumbing Fixtures to Lead and Lead and Copper Corrosion Copper Rule Compliance in New Construction Issues 2008 2010 2011 2013 CSMR: Changes from Water **Galvanic Corrosion** Treatment and Its Impact on Following Partial Lead Leaching Lead Service Line Replacement

Project

Spotlight

- 2015 publication "4569"
- WRF AWWA collaboration
- Response to attention to profile sampling
- Highlighted challenges with customers performing profiles
- No sampling method was particularly proficient at finding the peak lead level compared to doing a full profile for each sampling event
- Webcast available
- JAWWA publication forthcoming





Evaluation of Lead Sampling Strategies

Web Report #4569



Project Spotlight

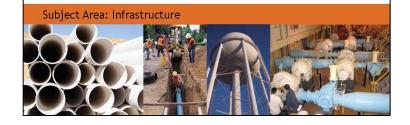
- 2015 publication "4409"
- WRF AWWA collaboration
- Overview of Lead in drinking water and corrosion chemistry
- Lead service line replacement strategies
- 6 OCCT Case Studies





Controlling Lead in Drinking Water

Web Report #4409



Present LCR Projects

2016

- Evaluation of Lead Service Line Lining and Coating Technologies
- Evaluation of Flushing to Reduce Lead Levels

2017

- Optimization of Phosphorus-Based Corrosion Control Chemicals and Flushing for Lead and Copper Control
- Corrosion of Nonleaded Pump Impeller Alloys in Chlorinated Potable Water

Future of WRF LCR Research

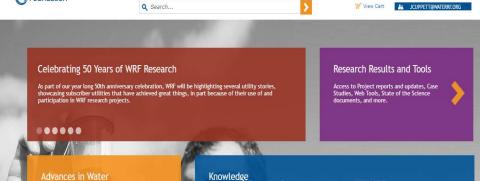
WRF Webcast: April 21,12-2 MT

"Lead and Copper Rule: Potential Regulatory Changes, Corrosion Chemistry, and Stakeholder Communication"

*Registration available on WRF website

- Expert Symposium
- LCR Focus Area request in 2016
- Potential Research Needs
 - Service line material identification
 - Water corrosive to copper
 - Communication Issues





Knowledge

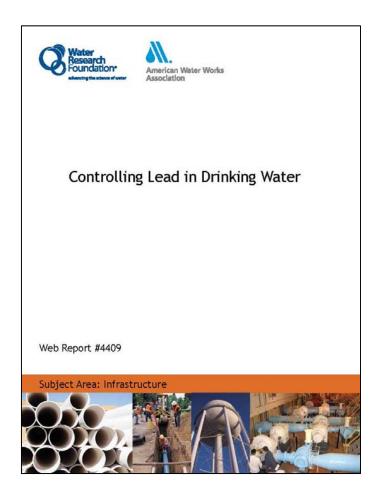
Portals

Funding

The Foundation



Get Involved!





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